

#### Bulletin No. B-5.26 Insurer Requirements Related to Disputed Claims Subject to Appraisal

#### I. Background and Purpose

The purpose of this bulletin is to clarify the position of the Division of Insurance regarding the consumer's rights when there is a dispute during the claim handling process. Specifically, the bulletin provides guidelines to insurers when an insured has invoked his/her rights relating to the appraisal clause found in most, if not all, property insurance policy contracts.

Bulletins are the Division's interpretations of existing insurance law or general statements of Division policy. Bulletins themselves establish neither binding norms nor finally determine issues or rights.

#### II. Applicability and Scope

This bulletin is intended for and applies to all property and casualty insurance companies providing real property coverage.

#### III. Division Position

Most, if not all, property insurance policy contracts include an appraisal clause which may be invoked if there is a dispute between the insured and the insurer regarding a coverage determination, the claim handling process, or the settlement amount. To the extent that these policies include an appraisal provision, and the insured has invoked his/her rights to an appraisal, the selected appraiser and/or umpire must be fair and impartial.

It has come to the Division's attention that insurers may not be selecting "fair and impartial" appraisers. Furthermore, disputed claims subject to appraisal are being delayed and insurers are not communicating in a fair and consistent manner causing significant harm to the Colorado consumer.

The position of the Division is that an insurer must comply with its own policy language when selecting an appraiser and/or umpire under the appraisal clause. For purposes of requiring impartiality of appraisers and umpires, the Division will follow the Uniform Arbitration Act, §13-22-201 *et seq.*, and in particular, §13-22-211 (2), which sets forth the standard for impartiality of an arbitrator as: "An individual who has a known, direct, and material interest in the outcome of the arbitration proceeding or a known, existing, and substantial relationship with a party may not serve as an arbitrator if the agreement requires the arbitrator to be neutral." This same standard will apply to appraisers and umpires, and to ensure compliance with this standard the Division requires the following:

- 1. The appraiser and umpire must disclose to all parties, any other appraiser, and any other umpire, as well as any known facts that a reasonable person would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the appraiser including:
  - (a) A financial or personal interest in the outcome of the appraisal; and
  - (b) A current or previous relationship with any of the parties to the agreement to appraise or the appraisal proceeding, their counsel or representatives, a witness, or another appraiser or the umpire.



2. The appraiser shall have a continuing obligation to disclose to all parties to the agreement to appraise, the appraisal proceeding and to any other appraisers and the umpire, any facts that the appraiser learns after accepting appointment that a reasonable person would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the appraiser.

In accordance with §13-22-212 (3), C.R.S. if a party timely objects to the appointment or continued services of a selected appraiser the objection may be a ground under §13-22-223(1)(b), C.R.S. for vacating an award.

- 3. The insurer must not have *ex parte* communications with the appraiser or umpire during the appraisal process. Any communications between the appraiser, the umpire and the insurer shall include the insured or the insured's representative.
- 4. Upon reaching an agreed upon value (either through the selected appraiser or an umpire) the insurer shall comply with the clean claim standards found in Colorado Regulation 5-1-14.

#### IV. Additional Division Resources

Colorado Division of Insurance Property/Casualty Section 1560 Broadway, Ste 850 Denver, CO 80202 Tel. 303-894-7499 Internet: http://www.dora.state.co.us/insurance

### The Kaudy Law Firm LLC A Personal Injury Law Firm

Have You Been Treated Poorly by Your Insurance Company? We Can Help You: 800-716-3759

### Colorado Law Regarding Unfair Claim Settlement Practices

Colorado Revised Statute 10-3-1104 (1)(h): The Unfair Claim and Settlement Practices Act.

Here are some unfair claim settlement practices:

Committing or performing, either in willful violation of this part 11 or with such frequency as to indicate a tendency to engage in a general business practice, any of the following:

- Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy provisions relating to coverages at issue; or
- (II) Failing to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies; or
- (III) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt investigation of claims arising under insurance policies; or
- (IV) Refusing to pay claims without conducting a reasonable investigation based upon all available information; or
- (V) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable time after proof of loss statements have been completed; or
- (VI) Not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair, and equitable settlements of claims in which liability has become reasonably clear; or
- (VII) Compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds; or
- (VIII) Attempting to settle a claim for less than the amount to which a reasonable man would have believed he was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made part of an application; or
- (IX) Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured; or
- (X) Making claims payments to insureds or beneficiaries not accompanied by statement setting forth the coverage under which the payments are being made; or
- (XI) Making known to insureds or claimants a policy of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in arbitration; or
- (XII) Delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured or claimant, or the physician of either of them, to submit a preliminary claim report, and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same information; or
- (XIII) Failing to promptly settle claims, where liability has become reasonably clear, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy coverage; or
- (XIV) Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation of the basis in the insurance policy in relation to the facts or applicable law for denial of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement; or

- (XV) Raising as a defense or partial offset in the adjustment of a third-party claim the defense of comparative negligence as set forth in section 13-21-111, C.R.S., without conducting a reasonable investigation and developing substantial evidence in support thereof. At such time as the issue is raised under this subparagraph (XV), the insurer shall furnish to the commissioner a written statement setting forth reasons as to why a defense under the comparative negligence doctrine is valid; or
- (XVI) Excluding medical benefits under health care coverage subject to article 16 of this title to any covered individual based solely on that individual's casual or nonprofessional participation in the following activities: Motorcycling; snowmobiling; off-highway vehicle riding; skiing; or snowboarding; or
- (XVII) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt resolution of medical payment claims.

#### Insurance Disputes & Bad Faith

- An Overview of Insurance "Bad Faith"
- <u>Colorado Law Regarding Unfair Claim Settlement Practices</u>
- How Insurance Companies Should Handle Claims

© 2013 by <u>The Kaudy Law Firm LLC</u>. All rights reserved. <u>Disclaimer | Site Map</u> <u>Privacy Policy | Business Development Solutions</u> by <u>FindLaw</u>, a Thomson Reuters business.

#### The Kaudy Law Firm LLC

333 W. Hampden Avenue, Suite 850, Englewood, CO 80110 Toll Free: 800-716-3759 Fax: 303-623-1825 Map and Directions

# ARBITRATION LAW IN COLORADO

FIRST EDITION



**ROBERT E. BENSON** 

CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION IN COLORADO, INC. COLORADO BAR ASSOCIATION • DENVER BAR ASSOCIATION

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

### Chapter 1 INTRODUCTION TO ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION IN COLORADO

- § 1.1 INTRODUCTION
- § 1.2 WHAT IS ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION?
- § 1.3 SCOPE OF THIS BOOK
- § 1.4 THE BENEFITS AND OBJECTIVES OF ADR
- § 1.5 INTERNATIONAL ADR
- § 1.6 COLORADO COURTS FAVOR ADR
- § 1.7 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 2 INTRODUCTION TO THE COLORADO LAW OF ARBITRATION

#### § 2.1 INTRODUCTION

- § 2.1.1—What Is Arbitration?
- § 2.1.2—Arbitration For Purposes Of The Arbitration Statutes

#### § 2.2 A BRIEF HISTORY OF ARBITRATION

#### Key to Colorado Statutes Cited in This Book

Please note that there are two main Colorado arbitration statutes discussed throughout this book: the Colorado Uniform Arbitration Act (CUAA) and the Colorado Revised Uniform Arbitration Act (CRUAA), both of which are cited as C.R.S. §§ 13-22-201, *et seq.* To differentiate the similar citations in this book, citations to the CUAA are followed by "(2003)," and citations to the CRUAA are followed by "(2006)." The full text of both the CUAA and the CRUAA is included in Appendix A to this book, and the application of both statutes is explained in further detail in Chapter 3, "Laws, Rules, and Procedures Governing Arbitration."

#### § 2.3 THE VARIOUS TYPES AND MEANINGS OF "ARBITRATION"

- § 2.3.1—Binding Versus Nonbinding Arbitration
- § 2.3.2—Administered Versus Non-Administered Arbitration

#### § 2.4 PUBLIC POLICY AND THE COMMON LAW OF ARBITRATION

#### § 2.5 SPECIALIZED STATUTES DEFINING, REQUIRING, LIMITING, AND PROMOTING ARBITRATION

- § 2.5.1—Colorado Statutes
- § 2.5.2—Federal Statutes
- § 2.6 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 3 LAWS, RULES, AND PROCEDURES GOVERNING ARBITRATION

§ 3.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 3.2 THE GENERAL LAW, RULES, AND PROCEDURES OF ARBITRATION

#### § 3.3 THE AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES TO ARBITRATE

§ 3.3.1—Rules Of Arbitration Incorporated Into The Agreement To Arbitrate

## § 3.4 COLORADO REVISED UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT (CRUAA)

- § 3.5 COLORADO UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT (CUAA)
- § 3.6 COMPARISON BETWEEN CUAA AND CRUAA

#### § 3.7 FEDERAL ARBITRATION ACT (FAA)

§ 3.7.1—Federal Rules Of Civil Procedure § 3.7.2—What Is "Arbitration" To Which Arbitration Statutes Apply?

#### § 3.8 OTHER COLORADO STATUTES COMPELLING, LIMITING, AND REGULATING THE ARBITRATION PROCESS

§ 3.9 OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES COMPELLING, LIMITING, AND REGULATING THE ARBITRATION PROCESS

- § 3.10 COMMON LAW OF ARBITRATION
- § 3.11 THE ARBITRATOR'S INHERENT POWERS
- § 3.12 APPLICABILITY OF PROCEDURAL-TYPE STATUTES AND RULES GOVERNING COURT PROCEEDINGS
- § 3.13 APPLICABILITY OF SUBSTANTIVE LAW
- § 3.14 DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITY BETWEEN COURT AND ARBITRATOR
- § 3.15 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 4 DOES STATE LAW, FEDERAL LAW, OR THE CONTRACT GOVERN THE ARBITRATION PROCEEDING?

#### § 4.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 4.2 APPLICABILITY OF COLORADO AND FEDERAL ARBITRATION LAW

§ 4.2.1—Applicability Of State Arbitration Law (CUAA And CRUAA)
 § 4.2.2—Applicability Of The Federal Arbitration Act (FAA)

#### § 4.3 FEDERAL PREEMPTION OF STATE ARBITRATION LAW

- § 4.3.1—The Doctrine Of Federal Preemption
- § 4.3.2—When Federal Law Preempts State Law
- § 4.3.3—Preemption In The Federal Court
- § 4.3.4—Defining Arbitration FAA Preemption Of State Law Only As To Arbitration Agreements Subject To The FAA
- § 4.3.5—The Scope Of Federal Preemption Of State Arbitration Law
- § 4.3.6—Preemption Of Specific Provisions Of State Law

### § 4.4 CHOICE-OF-LAW RULES: LAW OF COLORADO OR LAW OF ANOTHER STATE

#### § 4.5 AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES AS TO GOVERNING LAW

§ 4.5.1—Selecting Part Of The FAA And Part Of The CRUAA (Or CUAA)

#### § 4.6 CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENTS AS SUPERSEDING STATE OR FEDERAL LAW

- § 4.7 PREEMPTION APPLICABILITY IN STATE OR FEDERAL COURT
- § 4.8 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 5 AGREEMENTS TO ARBITRATE

#### § 5.1 INTRODUCTION

#### **§ 5.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR AN AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE**

- § 5.2.1—Statutory Requirements For Valid Arbitration Agreements
- § 5.2.2—The Common Law Of Contracts
- § 5.2.3—Mandatory Terms For An Arbitration Agreement
- § 5.2.4—Reasonable Costs

#### § 5.3 OPTIONAL TERMS FOR AN ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

### § 5.4 VOID, VOIDABLE, AND UNENFORCEABLE PROVISIONS IN AN AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE

- § 5.5 REMEDIES FOR ILLEGAL OR VOID PROVISIONS
- § 5.6 OTHER SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR VALID ARBITRATION AGREEMENTS
- § 5.7 INTERPRETATION OF THE AGREEMENT
- § 5.8 SCOPE OF THE AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE

#### § 5.9 STATUTORY AND COMMON LAW EXCLUSIONS FROM VALIDITY OF ARBITRATION AGREEMENTS

- § 5.9.1—FAA: Employee-Employer Exclusion
- § 5.9.2—Wage Act Claims
- § 5.9.3—Uniformed Services Employment And Re-Employment Rights Act

#### § 5.10 BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Chapter 6 ARBITRATION OF PARTICULAR KINDS OF CLAIMS AND BETWEEN PARTICULAR ENTITIES

#### § 6.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 6.2 ARBITRATION OF EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE DISPUTES

- § 6.2.1—Federal Arbitration Act § 6.2.2—CUAA And CRUAA
- § 6.3 ARBITRATION OF CONSUMER DISPUTES
- § 6.4 ARBITRATION OF STATUTORY CLAIMS

§ 6.4.1—Securities Arbitration

- § 6.5 ARBITRATION OF MECHANICS' LIENS, MILLER ACT CLAIMS, AND FORECLOSURES
- § 6.6 ARBITRATION OF ANTITRUST CLAIMS
- § 6.7 ARBITRATION OF SECURITIES CLAIMS
- § 6.8 CLASS ACTION ARBITRATIONS
- § 6.9 ARBITRATIONS TO WHICH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES ARE A PARTY
- § 6.10 ARBITRATIONS TO WHICH INDIAN TRIBES ARE PARTIES
- § 6.11 ARBITRATION OF CLAIMS IN BANKRUPTCY
- § 6.12 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 7 ARBITRABILITY OF DISPUTES: THE ISSUES AND THE LAW

#### § 7.1 INTRODUCTION

§ 7.2 IS THERE AN AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE?

### § 7.3 IS THE AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE BINDING UPON THE PARTIES TO THE DISPUTE?

- § 7.3.1—Nonsignatories
- § 7.3.2—Subcontractors And Flow-Through Clauses
- § 7.3.3—Intertwined Defendants

#### § 7.4 DOES THE AGREEMENT CALL FOR "ARBITRATION" AS DEFINED WITHIN THE FEDERAL OR COLORADO ARBITRATION ACTS?

## § 7.5 IS THE DISPUTE WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE ARBITRATION AGREEMENT?

- § 7.5.1—Is There An Arbitrable Dispute?
- § 7.5.2—Scope Of An Arbitration Clause Generally
- § 7.5.3—Broad Versus Narrow Arbitration Clauses
- § 7.5.4—Miscellaneous Decisions On The Scope Of Arbitration Clauses

### § 7.6 ARE THERE ANY DEFENSES TO THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE?

- § 7.6.1—Fraudulent Inducement Of The Contract
- § 7.6.2—Duress
- § 7.6.3—Mistake
- § 7.6.4—Forgery
- § 7.6.5—Illusory
- § 7.6.6—Expired Contract
- § 7.6.7—Statutes Of Limitations
- § 7.6.8—Contractual Time Limits
- § 7.6.9—Laches And Estoppel
- § 7.6.10—Conditions Precedent
- § 7.6.11—Validity Of Contract Under The Antitrust Laws
- § 7.6.12—Foreign Immunity
- § 7.6.13—Unconscionability Of The Arbitration Clause
- § 7.6.14—Lack Of Mutuality
- § 7.6.15—Prohibitive Cost Of Arbitration

### § 7.7 ARE THERE ANY CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE OBLIGATION TO ARBITRATE?

- § 7.7.1—Mediation As A Condition Precedent To Arbitration
- § 7.7.2—Design Professional Certification And Certificate Of Good Cause

#### § 7.8 INTERPRETING THE ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

§ 7.8.1—The Meaning Of "May Arbitrate"§ 7.8.2—Construing Multiple Documents Together

#### § 7.9 WAIVER OF RIGHT TO ARBITRATE

§ 7.10 WAIVER OF OBJECTIONS TO ARITRATION

#### § 7.11 VOID, INVALID, OR ILLEGAL PROVISIONS IN THE ARBI-TRATION AGREEMENT

§ 7.11.1—Remedies For Offending Provisions

- § 7.12 INTERTWINING CLAIMS
- § 7.13 SPLITTING CLAIMS

#### § 7.14 CHEW v. KPMG LLP: A CASE ILLUSTRATING ARBITRABILITY ISSUES

§ 7.15 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 8 ARBITRABILITY ISSUES: WHO DECIDES THEM?

#### § 8.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 8.2 WHAT ISSUES DETERMINE WHETHER A DISPUTE IS SUBJECT TO ARBITRATION?

#### § 8.3 WHO DECIDES ARBITRABILITY? STATUTORY PROVISIONS

§ 8.3.1—Federal Arbitration Act
§ 8.3.2—CUAA: C.R.S. § 13-22-204 (2003)
§ 8.3.3—CRUAA: C.R.S. § 13-22-207 (2006)

#### § 8.4 WHO DECIDES ARBITRABILITY? CASE LAW

- § 8.4.1—Buckeye Check Cashing, Inc. v. Cardegna
- § 8.4.2—Fox v. Tanner
- § 8.4.3—Kristian v. Comcast Corp.
- § 8.4.4—Qualcomm Inc. v. Nokia Corp.

#### § 8.5 WHO DECIDES ARBITRABILITY? JURY/JUDGE/ ARBITRATOR

### § 8.6 WHO DECIDES ARBITRABILITY? AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES

- § 8.6.1—Arbitrability Under The CRUAA
- § 8.6.2—Waiver Of Agreement As To Who Determines Arbitrability Issues

### § 8.7 WHO DETERMINES EACH SPECIFIC ARBITRABILITY ISSUE?

- § 8.7.1—Who Determines Whether The Parties Have Agreed In Writing To Arbitrate?
- § 8.7.2—Who Determines Whether The Agreed-Upon Dispute Resolution Procedure Is "Arbitration" Within The Arbitration Statutes?
- § 8.7.3—Who Determines Whether The Dispute Is Within The Scope Of The Agreement?
- § 8.7.4—Who Determines Whether Affirmative Defenses Bar Enforcement Of The Agreement To Arbitrate?
- § 8.7.5—Summary

### § 8.8 WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF THE FORUM IN WHICH THE ISSUES ARE RAISED?

#### § 8.9 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 9 PROCEDURES TO STAY OR COMPEL ARBITRATION

§ 9.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 9.2 STATUTORY PROVISIONS FOR COMPELLING OR STAYING LITIGATION OR ARBITRATION

§ 9.2.1—FAA § 3
§ 9.2.2—FAA § 4
§ 9.2.3—CUAA
§ 9.2.4—CRUAA

#### § 9.3 COMPELLING OR STAYING ARBITRATION AND/OR STAYING PENDING LITIGATION

- § 9.3.1—Case Law On Compelling Arbitration And Staying Litigation
- § 9.3.2—Application To Compel Arbitration And Stay Litigation
- § 9.3.3—Grounds For Motion To Compel Arbitration

### § 9.4 COMPELLING ARBITRATION WHEN NO CIVIL ACTION IS PENDING

§ 9.5 STAYING OR DISMISSING ARBITRATION WHEN NO CIVIL ACTION IS PENDING

#### § 9.6 JURISDICTION AND VENUE OF THE COURTS TO DETERMINE MOTION TO COMPEL ARBITRATION AND STAY LITIGATION, AND CONTINUING JURISDICTION THEREAFTER

§ 9.6.1—Jurisdiction Of The Court Upon Entry Of An Order Compelling Arbitration

#### § 9.7 JUDICIAL PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING A MOTION TO STAY OR COMPEL ARBITRATION

§ 9.7.1—Consideration Of Merits Of Dispute§ 9.7.2—Evidentiary Hearing

#### § 9.8 ROLE OF COURT UPON COMPELLING ARBITRATION

### § 9.9 STAY OR DISMISSAL OF CIVIL ACTION UPON ORDERING ARBITRATION

#### § 9.10 BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Chapter 10 REPRESENTATION OF PARTIES BY ATTORNEYS AND NON-ATTORNEYS

#### § 10.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 10.2 THE RIGHT OF A PARTY TO BE REPRESENTED

- § 10.2.1—The Right Of A Party To Be Represented By An Attorney
- § 10.2.2—The Right Of A Party To Be Represented By An Attorney Not Admitted To Practice In Colorado
- § 10.2.3—The Right Of A Party To Be Represented By A Non-Lawyer

#### § 10.3 FEDERAL REGULATION OF ADVOCATES IN ARBITRATION GOVERNED BY THE FAA

- § 10.4 THE RIGHT OF A PARTY TO REPRESENT ITSELF
- § 10.5 THE RIGHT OF WITNESSES TO BE REPRESENTED

#### Chapter 11 THE ARBITRATOR: QUALIFICATION, APPOINTMENT, DISCLOSURE, RESIGNATION, DISQUALIFICATION, IMMUNITY, AND ETHICS

§ 11.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 11.2 QUALIFICATIONS AND APPOINTMENT OF THE ARBITRATOR

- § 11.2.1—Qualifications
- § 11.2.2—Agreement As To Appointment
- § 11.2.3—Judicial Appointment
- § 11.2.4—CUAA
- § 11.2.5—CRUAA
- § 11.2.6—FAA
- § 11.2.7—Effect Of Non-Compliance With Appointment Procedures
- § 11.2.8—Waiver Of Objections To Appointment
- § 11.2.9—Procedure For Objecting To Arbitrator
- § 11.2.10—Number Of Arbitrators

#### § 11.3 ARBITRATOR NEUTRALITY

§ 11.3.1—Bias/Evident Partiality Of The Arbitrator

#### § 11.4 DISCLOSURES

- § 11.4.1—Disclosures By An Arbitrator
- § 11.4.2—Types Of Disclosure
- § 11.4.3—Disclosures By A Party-Appointed Neutral Arbitrator
- § 11.4.4—Disclosures By Non-Neutral Arbitrators
- § 11.4.5—Disclosures By The Parties And Their Attorneys

#### § 11.5 ARBITRATOR'S OATH

#### § 11.6 DISQUALIFICATION OF ARBITRATOR

- § 11.6.1—Pre-Award Judicial Involvement In Arbitrator Disqualification
- § 11.6.2—Provisions In The AAA Rules Relating To Disqualification
- § 11.6.3—Rules After Disqualification
- § 11.6.4—Timing Of Request For Disqualification
- § 11.6.5—Disqualification Of A Party-Appointed Neutral Arbitrator

### § 11.7 REFUSAL, RESIGNATION, AND REPLACEMENT OF THE ARBITRATOR

#### § 11.8 SCOPE AND DURATION OF ARBITRATOR'S AUTHORITY AND POWERS

- § 11.8.1—Arbitrator's Powers Over Parties And Representatives: Sanctions
- § 11.8.2—Arbitrator's Powers Over Conduct Of Proceedings

#### § 11.9 ETHICAL STANDARDS OF THE ARBITRATOR

§ 11.9.1—Colorado Rules Of Professional Conduct § 11.9.2—ABA/AAA Code Of Ethics

#### § 11.10 ACTION BY MAJORITY OF ARBITRATORS

#### § 11.11 IMMUNITY OF ARBITRATOR (COMPETENCY TO TESTIFY, ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS)

#### § 11.12 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 12 PLEADINGS, MOTIONS, FEES, AND DEFAULT

#### § 12.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 12.2 ADMINISTERED AND NON-ADMINISTERED ARBITRATION

#### § 12.3 STATUTES AND RULES GOVERNING INITIATION/ COMMENCEMENT OF ARBITRATION

#### § 12.4 PLEADINGS: DEMAND, ANSWER, AND COUNTERCLAIM

- § 12.4.1—Demand
- § 12.4.2—Manner Of Service Of The Demand
- § 12.4.3—Jurisdictional Boundaries Of Service
- § 12.4.4—Answer/Response/Counterclaim To A Demand/Notice For Arbitration
- § 12.4.5—Further Pleadings And Procedures

#### § 12.5 MOTIONS

§ 12.5.1—Motions For Summary Judgment

#### § 12.6 FAILURE/INABILITY/REFUSAL OF ONE PARTY TO PAY FEES

#### § 12.7 DEFAULT: PROCEEDING WITH ARBITRATION WHEN RESPONDENT FAILS TO APPEAR

- § 12.8 MOTION TO STAY ARBITRATION
- § 12.9 APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATOR
- § 12.10 MOTION TO DISQUALIFY ARBITRATOR

#### § 12.11 ENFORCEMENT OF ARBITRATOR'S PRE-HEARING ORDERS

#### Chapter 13 THE ARBITRATION PROCESS

#### § 13.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 13.2 VENUE FOR THE ARBITRATION

- § 13.2.1—Venue Of Arbitration Defined By Statute
- § 13.2.2—Forum Selection
- § 13.2.3—Selection Of Venue By The Arbitrator

#### § 13.3 PRE-HEARING MOTIONS

- § 13.3.1—Pre-Hearing Dispositive Motions
- § 13.3.2—Joinder Of Parties To The Arbitration
- § 13.3.3—Consolidation Of Arbitrations
- § 13.3.4—Class Action Arbitration
- § 13.3.5—Objecting To Arbitration: Arbitrability Issues

#### § 13.4 PRE-HEARING CONFERENCES

#### § 13.5 DISCOVERY

§ 13.5.1—FAA And CUAA § 13.5.2—CRUAA

#### § 13.6 SUBPOENAS

- § 13.6.1—Scope Of Arbitrator's Subpoena Power
- § 13.6.2—Objecting To And Enforcement Of A Subpoena

#### § 13.7 POSTPONEMENT OF THE HEARING

#### § 13.8 FAILURE OF A PARTY TO PAY ITS SHARE OF ARBITRATION FEES

#### § 13.9 THE DILATORY ARBITRATOR

#### § 13.10 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 14 PRE-AWARD RULINGS, INTERIM AND PROVISIONAL ORDERS, SANCTIONS, ENFORCEMENT, AND JUDICIAL INVOLVEMENT

#### § 14.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 14.2 PRE-HEARING RULINGS

#### § 14.3 THE POWER OF ARBITRATORS TO GRANT INTERIM/ PROVISIONAL RELIEF

- § 14.3.1—Generally
- § 14.3.2—The Types Of Interim/Provisional Relief Granted By Arbitrators
- § 14.3.3—Interim/Provisional Relief Under AAA Rules
- § 14.3.4—Standards/Requirements For Interim Relief
- § 14.3.5—AAA Emergency Relief Rules

#### § 14.4 THE POWER OF COURTS TO GRANT INTERIM/ PROVISIONAL RELIEF

- § 14.4.1—Powers Under The FAA
- § 14.4.2—Powers Under The CUAA
- § 14.4.3—Powers Under The CRUAA

#### § 14.5 REVIEW AND ENFORCEMENT OF INTERIM/PROVISIONAL RELIEF

- § 14.5.1—Enforcement By The Arbitrator
- § 14.5.2—Review Of Interim/Provisional Orders Of The Arbitrator By The Court
- § 14.5.3—Enforcement By The Courts

#### § 14.6 JUDICIAL CONTROL OVER THE ARBITRATION PROCESS

#### § 14.7 SANCTIONS

#### § 14.8 BIBLIOGRAPHY

Table of Contents

#### Chapter 15 THE ARBITRATION HEARING: PROCEDURES, WITNESSES, EVIDENCE, AND CLOSING

#### § 15.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 15.2 HEARING PROCEDURES AND RULES

- § 15.2.1—CRUAA Procedures
- § 15.2.2—FAA Procedures
- § 15.2.3—AAA Procedures
- § 15.2.4—Waiver Of Procedural Objections

#### § 15.3 POSTPONEMENT/CONTINUANCE

#### § 15.4 EVIDENCE

- § 15.4.1—FAA
  § 15.4.2—CUAA
  § 15.4.3—CRUAA
- § 15.5 PRIVILEGE AND CONFIDENTIALITY
- § 15.6 DEFAULT PROCEEDINGS
- § 15.7 ARBITRATOR CEASES OR FAILS TO ACT
- § 15.8 ARBITRATOR DIES, IS REMOVED, OR IS DISQUALIFIED
- § 15.9 CONDUCT OF THE HEARING

#### § 15.10 WITNESSES

- § 15.10.1—Privilege
- § 15.10.2—Subpoenas
- § 15.10.3—Oaths
- § 15.10.4—Sequestration/Exclusion Of Witnesses

#### § 15.11 EXHIBITS

#### § 15.12 THE CREATIVE ASPECTS OF ARBITRATION

#### § 15.13 THE ROLE OF THE COURT DURING THE ARBITRATION PROCESS

§ 15.14 CLOSING THE ARBITRATION PROCEEDING

#### Chapter 16 THE ARBITRATION AWARD

#### § 16.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 16.2 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS AND AAA RULES FOR AN AWARD

§ 16.2.1—CUAA
§ 16.2.2—CRUAA
§ 16.2.3—AAA

#### § 16.3 PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR AN AWARD

- § 16.3.1—Majority Action Of The Arbitrators
- § 16.3.2—Time For Rendering The Award
- § 16.3.3—Requirements Regarding The Form Of The Award
- § 16.3.4—Types Of Awards: General, Reasoned, And Findings

#### § 16.4 DETERMINATION OF THE AWARD

#### § 16.5 DELIVERY OF THE AWARD

#### § 16.6 TYPES OF REMEDIES AND SCOPE OF RELIEF

- § 16.6.1—Compensatory Damages
- § 16.6.2—Punitive Damages And Treble Damages
- § 16.6.3—Excessive Punitive Damages Award
- § 16.6.4—Injunction And Other Equitable Relief
- § 16.6.5—Fees And Expenses Of Arbitration
- § 16.6.6—Pre-Award And Post-Award (Pre-Judgment) Interest
- § 16.6.7—Attorney Fees
- § 16.6.8—Baseball Arbitration
- § 16.6.9—Sanctions

#### § 16.7 BINDING EFFECT OF AWARD

- § 16.7.1—Issues Resolved By The Arbitration
- § 16.7.2—Effect Of An Award: Issue And Claim Preclusion

#### § 16.8 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 17 POST-AWARD PROCEEDINGS

#### § 17.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 17.2 FINALITY OF AWARD FOR PURPOSES OF JUDICIAL ACTION

#### § 17.3 POST-AWARD MODIFICATION OR CORRECTION (CHANGE) OF THE AWARD

- § 17.3.1—Post-Award Modification Or Correction Of The Award By The Arbitrator
- § 17.3.2—Post-Award Modification Or Correction Of The Award By The Court
- § 17.3.3—Procedures For Post-Award Modification Or Correction Of The Award

#### § 17.4 GROUNDS FOR VACATING THE AWARD

- § 17.4.1—Statutory And Common Law Grounds For Vacating An Award Under The FAA
- § 17.4.2—Statutory And Common Law Grounds For Vacating An Award Under Colorado State Law
- § 17.4.3—Contractual Grounds For Vacating An Award
- § 17.4.4—Applicability Of Federal Common Law Grounds For Vacating An Award In State Court
- § 17.4.5—Vacation Of Award Procured By Corruption, Fraud, Or Undue Means
- § 17.4.6—Vacation Of Award For Evident Partiality Or Corruption By The Arbitrator(s)
- § 17.4.7—Vacation Of Award For Arbitrator's Refusal To Postpone Hearing Upon Sufficient Cause Shown
- § 17.4.8—Vacation Of Award For Refusal Of The Arbitrator To Hear Pertinent And Material Evidence
- § 17.4.9—Vacation Of Award For Arbitrator's Exceeding Or Imperfectly Executing Powers
- § 17.4.10—Vacation Of Award By Reason Of Arbitrator Misconduct/Misbehavior Prejudicing A Party
- § 17.4.11—Vacation Of Award For Hearing Conducted Contrary To Statutes And Substantially Prejudicing The Rights Of A Party
- § 17.4.12—Vacation Of Award Because There Was No Arbitration Agreement And That Issue Was Not Previously Determined

- § 17.4.13—Vacation Of Award For Lack Of Proper Notice
- § 17.4.14—Vacation Of Award Based Upon Enhanced Scope Of Review Agreed To By The Parties
- § 17.4.15—Vacation Of Award For Manifest Disregard Of The Law
- § 17.4.16—Vacation Of Award As Being Against Public Policy
- § 17.4.17—Vacation Of Award On Other Common Law Grounds

#### § 17.5 PROCEDURES FOR VACATING THE AWARD

- § 17.5.1—CUAA
- § 17.5.2—CRUAA
- § 17.5.3—FAA
- § 17.5.4—The Record On Which The Motion To Vacate Is Determined § 17.5.5—Waiver

#### § 17.6 PROCEDURE AFTER VACATION OF AN AWARD

#### § 17.7 FRIVOLOUS MOTIONS TO VACATE

### § 17.8 SCOPE OF REVIEW OF ARBITRATORS' AWARDS BY THE DISTRICT COURT

§ 17.8.1 Vacation, Modification, Or Correction Of Punitive Damage Award

#### § 17.9 BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Chapter 18 THE ARBITRATION AWARD: CONFIRMATION, JUDGMENT, FEES, AND INTEREST

§ 18.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 18.2 AWARDS SUBJECT TO CONFIRMATION (FINAL VERSUS INTERIM AWARDS)

§ 18.3 CONFIRMATION AND JUDGMENT: GENERALLY

#### § 18.4 THE PROCEDURE FOR CONFIRMATION AND JUDGMENT

- § 18.4.1—The Statutes Providing For Confirmation And Judgment
- § 18.4.2—Timing Of A Motion To Confirm Award And For Entry Of Judgment
- § 18.4.3—Jurisdiction Of The Court For Confirmation Of And Judgment On The Award

- § 18.4.4—Venue For Confirmation And Judgment On The Award
- § 18.4.5—Power Of Court To Confirm And Enter Judgment
- § 18.4.6—The Steps For Application Or Motion For Confirmation Of And Judgment On The Arbitration Award
- § 18.4.7—Defenses To A Motion To Confirm The Arbitration Award
- § 18.4.8—Judgment Roll

#### § 18.5 TERMS AND RELIEF OF THE AWARD THAT ARE "CONFIRMED" AND WITHIN THE JUDGMENT ENTERED

- § 18.5.1—Judgment For Arbitrator's Fees And Expenses
- § 18.5.2—Judgment For Attorney Fees For Post-Award Proceedings
- § 18.5.3—Judgment For Costs And Expenses Of Confirmation
- § 18.5.4—Pre-Award, Post-Award/Prejudgment, And Post-Judgment Interest

#### § 18.6 EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION AND ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

§ 18.6.1—Issue Preclusion By Award/Judgment (*Res Judicata* And Collateral Estoppel)

#### § 18.7 ENFORCEMENT OF THE JUDGMENT

#### § 18.8 APPEAL OF THE JUDGMENT

#### Chapter 19 JURISDICTION AND VENUE

#### § 19.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 19.2 SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION OF THE COLORADO STATE DISTRICT COURTS OVER ARBITRATION ISSUES

- § 19.2.1—Jurisdiction Of The Colorado State District (Trial) Courts
- § 19.2.2—Subject Matter Jurisdiction Of The Colorado State Appellate Courts

### § 19.3 SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERAL COURTS

- § 19.3.1—Subject Matter Jurisdiction Of The Federal District Court
- § 19.3.2—Subject Matter Jurisdiction Of The Federal District Courts As To Specific Proceedings
- § 19.3.3—Subject Matter Jurisdiction Of The Federal Appellate Courts

- § 19.4 SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION OF THE ARBITATOR
- § 19.5 *IN PERSONAM* JURISDICTION OF THE COLORADO STATE DISTRICT COURTS OVER PARTIES TO AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING
- § 19.6 *IN PERSONAM* JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT OVER PARTIES TO AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING
- § 19.7 *IN PERSONAM* JURISDICTION OF THE ARBITRATOR/ ARBITRATION OVER THE PARTIES TO AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING

#### § 19.8 JURISDICTION OF TRIAL COURT DURING THE ARBITRATION AND PENDENCY OF APPEAL

§ 19.8.1—Division Of Jurisdiction Between Arbitrator And Trial Court

#### § 19.9 VENUE FOR JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

- § 19.9.1—Venue For Federal District Court Proceedings
- § 19.9.2—Venue For Colorado District Court Proceedings
- § 19.9.3—Colorado District Court Venue Under The FAA

#### Chapter 20 APPEAL OF TRIAL COURT ORDERS AND JUDGMENTS

#### § 20.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 20.2 APPEALS OF COLORADO STATE DISTRICT COURT ARBITRATION ORDERS

- § 20.2.1—Orders That May Be Appealed From The Colorado State District Court Under The State Statutes
- § 20.2.2—Orders That May Be Appealed From The Colorado State District Court When The FAA Is Applicable To The Arbitration

#### § 20.3 APPEALS OF FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT ARBITRATION ORDERS UNDER THE FAA

- § 20.4 TIMING OF THE APPEAL
- § 20.5 AGREEMENT TO ALTER STATUTORY GROUNDS FOR APPEAL

- § 20.6 APPLICATION OF STATE OR FEDERAL "APPEAL" LAW
- § 20.7 STAY OF LITIGATION OR ARBITRATION PENDING APPEAL OF GRANT OF OR DENIAL OF MOTION TO COMPEL ARBITRATION
- § 20.8 SCOPE OF REVIEW
- § 20.9 RELIEF ACCORDED BY APPELLATE COURTS
- § 20.10 APPELLATE ARBITRATION
- § 20.11 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 21 ADR IN THE STATE (COLORADO) AND FEDERAL COURTS

- § 21.1 INTRODUCTION
- § 21.2 ADR IN THE COLORADO STATE COURTS
- § 21.3 ADR IN THE FEDERAL COURTS
  - § 21.3.1—ADR In The Federal District Court Under Chapter 44, U.S.C. (28 U.S.C. §§ 651, *et seq.*)
    § 21.3.2—Mediation In The Tenth Circuit
- § 21.4 INHERENT ADR POWERS OF THE COURT
- § 21.5 BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Chapter 22 ADR IN THE STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS, AGENCIES, AND SUBDIVISIONS

§ 22.1 INTRODUCTION

### § 22.2 ADR IN DISPUTES WITH THE STATE OF COLORADO, ITS AGENCIES, AND ITS POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

- § 22.2.1—Power Of State Governmental Entities To Submit Disputes To Binding Arbitration
- § 22.2.2—School Districts
- § 22.2.3—Cities

§ 22.2.4—Counties

- § 22.2.5—Special Districts
- § 22.2.6—City And County
- § 22.2.7—State Of Colorado And Its Agencies

#### § 22.3 ADR IN DISPUTES WITH THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND ITS AGENCIES

§ 22.3.1—Administrative Dispute Resolution Act

#### § 22.4 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 23 INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION

§ 23.1 INTRODUCTION

#### § 23.2 COLORADO INTERNATIONAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION ACT

### § 23.3 INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION UNDER FEDERAL LAWS AND TREATIES

- § 23.3.1—Enforceability Of International Agreements To Arbitrate
- § 23.3.2—Convention On The Recognition And Enforcement Of Foreign Arbitral Awards
- § 23.3.3—Inter-American Convention On International Commercial Arbitration (9 U.S.C. § 301)
- § 23.3.4—Convention On The Settlement Of Investment Disputes Of 1966 (22 U.S.C. § 1650a)

#### § 23.4 INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION ORGANIZATIONS

§ 23.5 BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Chapter 24 MEDIATION, SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS, AND THE COLORADO DISPUTE RESOLUTION ACT

#### § 24.1 GENERALLY

#### § 24.2 THE COLORADO DISPUTE RESOLUTION ACT

§ 24.2.1—C.R.S. § 13-22-302, Definitions

§ 24.2.2—Office Of Dispute Resolution

§ 24.2.3—Mediation Services

- § 24.2.4—Confidentiality
- § 24.2.5—Settlement Of Disputes
- § 24.2.6—Court Referral To Mediation
- § 24.2.7—Ancillary Forms Of Alternative Dispute Resolution
- § 24.2.8—Office Of Dispute Resolution Mediation Policies And Procedures Manual
- § 24.2.9—Provisions Of The Act Not Limited To The Office Of Dispute Resolution ADR Programs

#### § 24.3 COURT-ANNEXED MEDIATION

#### § 24.4 SETTLEMENTS IN MEDIATION

- § 24.4.1—Requirement Of Executed Written Settlement Agreement
- § 24.4.2—Role Of Mediator In Drafting Settlement

#### § 24.5 THE MEDIATOR

- § 24.5.1—Ethical And Honesty Standards
- § 24.5.2—Mediator Liability
- § 24.5.3—Mediator Conflicts Of Interests
- § 24.5.4—Mediator As A Witness
- § 24.5.5—Mediation As The Practice Of Law

#### § 24.6 MANDATORY MEDIATION

- § 24.6.1—Judicial Power To Order Mediation
- § 24.6.2—Enforcement Of ADR Agreements And Requirements
- § 24.6.3—Mediation As A Condition Precedent To Litigation Or Arbitration

#### § 24.7 THE MEDIATION PROCESS

- § 24.7.1—Powers, Duties, And Responsibilities Of The Mediator
- § 24.7.2—Powers, Duties, And Responsibilities Of The Parties
- § 24.7.3—Mediation Procedures

### § 24.8 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS INCORPORATED INTO A JUDICIAL JUDGMENT

#### § 24.9 ENFORCEABILITY OF AGREEMENTS TO MEDIATE

#### § 24.10 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Chapter 25 OTHER ADR PROCEDURES

- § 25.1 INTRODUCTION
- § 25.2 NONBINDING ARBITRATION
- § 25.3 DENVER REVISED MUNICIPAL CODE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE
- § 25.4 DISPUTE REVIEW BOARDS
- § 25.5 EARLY NEUTRAL EVALUATION AND FACT FINDING
- § 25.6 APPRAISALS
- § 25.7 PRIVATE JUDGES ("RENT-A-JUDGE")
- § 25.8 ARBITRATION UNDER THE PROPERTY TAX EQUALIZATION STATUTE
- § 25.9 ADR UNDER COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE
- § 25.10 BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Appendix A COLORADO ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION STATUTES

Appendix A1	COLORADO UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT (CUAA), C.R.S. §§ 13-22-201, <i>et seq.</i> (2003)
Appendix A2	COLORADO REVISED UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT (CRUAA), C.R.S. §§ 13-22-201, <i>et seq.</i> (2006)
Appendix A3	COLORADO DISPUTE RESOLUTION ACT, C.R.S. §§ 13-22-301, <i>et seq.</i> (2006)
Appendix A4	COLORADO INTERNATIONAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION ACT, C.R.S. §§ 13-22-501, et seq. (2006)

#### Appendix B FEDERAL ARBITRATION STATUTES

Appendix B1	FEDERAL ARBITRATION ACT, 9 U.S.C. §§ 1, et seq.
Appendix B2	CONVENTION ON THE RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN ARBITRAL AWARDS, 9 U.S.C. §§ 201, <i>et seq</i> .
Appendix B3	INTER-AMERICAN CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION, 9 U.S.C. §§ 301, <i>et seq</i> .
Appendix B4	ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF DISPUTE RESOLUTION IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS, 5 U.S.C. §§ 571, <i>et seq</i> .

#### Appendix C AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION RULES

#### Appendix C1 AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION WEBSITE

Appendix C2 COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION RULES AND MEDIATION PROCEDURES (INCLUDING PROCEDURES FOR LARGE, COMPLEX COMMERCIAL DISPUTES)

#### Appendix D SAMPLING OF OTHER ADR ORGANIZATIONAL RULES

- Appendix D1 GENERAL INFORMATION
- Appendix D2 JAMS COMPREHENSIVE ARBITRATION RULES AND PROCEDURES
- Appendix D3 INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CONFLICT PREVENTION AND RESOLUTION RULES FOR NON-ADMINISTERED ARBITRATION

#### Appendix E ETHICAL RULES

#### Appendix E1 ABA/AAA REVISED CODE OF ETHICS FOR ARBITRATORS

#### Appendix F SAMPLE ARBITRATION PLEADINGS

Appendix F1	NOTES ON THE USE OF THESE SAMPLE PLEADINGS
Appendix F2	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY CIVIL ACTION AND COMPEL ARBITRATION
Appendix F3	ORDER STAYING CIVIL ACTION AND COMPELLING ARBITRATION
Appendix F4	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STAY ARBITRATION
Appendix F5	ORDER STAYING ARBITRATION
Appendix F6	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATOR
Appendix F7	ORDER APPOINTING ARBITRATOR
Appendix F8	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENFORCE ARBITRATION SUBPOENA
Appendix F9	ORDER TO ENFORCE ARBITRATION SUBPOENA ("ORDER DIRECTING THOMAS TOMS TO SHOW CAUSE")
Appendix F10	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO MODIFY OR CORRECT ARBITRATION AWARD
Appendix F11	ORDER RE MOTION TO MODIFY OR CORRECT ARBITRATION AWARD
Appendix F12	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO VACATE ARBITRATION AWARD

Appendix F13 ORDER VACATING ARBITRATION AWARD

Table of Contents

Appendix F14 PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO CONFIRM ARBITRATION AWARD

## Appendix F15 ORDER CONFIRMING ARBITRATION AWARD AND ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

#### Appendix F16 JUDGMENT

#### Appendix F17 ARBITRATION CLAUSE AS AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO JUDICIAL ACTION

SUBJECT INDEX



#### Bulletin No. B-5.26 Insurer Requirements Related to Disputed Claims Subject to Appraisal

#### I. Background and Purpose

The purpose of this bulletin is to clarify the position of the Division of Insurance regarding the consumer's rights when there is a dispute during the claim handling process. Specifically, the bulletin provides guidelines to insurers when an insured has invoked his/her rights relating to the appraisal clause found in most, if not all, property insurance policy contracts.

Bulletins are the Division's interpretations of existing insurance law or general statements of Division policy. Bulletins themselves establish neither binding norms nor finally determine issues or rights.

#### II. Applicability and Scope

This bulletin is intended for and applies to all property and casualty insurance companies providing real property coverage.

#### III. Division Position

Most, if not all, property insurance policy contracts include an appraisal clause which may be invoked if there is a dispute between the insured and the insurer regarding a coverage determination, the claim handling process, or the settlement amount. To the extent that these policies include an appraisal provision, and the insured has invoked his/her rights to an appraisal, the selected appraiser and/or umpire must be fair and impartial.

It has come to the Division's attention that insurers may not be selecting "fair and impartial" appraisers. Furthermore, disputed claims subject to appraisal are being delayed and insurers are not communicating in a fair and consistent manner causing significant harm to the Colorado consumer.

The position of the Division is that an insurer must comply with its own policy language when selecting an appraiser and/or umpire under the appraisal clause. For purposes of requiring impartiality of appraisers and umpires, the Division will follow the Uniform Arbitration Act, §13-22-201 *et seq.*, and in particular, §13-22-211 (2), which sets forth the standard for impartiality of an arbitrator as: "An individual who has a known, direct, and material interest in the outcome of the arbitration proceeding or a known, existing, and substantial relationship with a party may not serve as an arbitrator if the agreement requires the arbitrator to be neutral." This same standard will apply to appraisers and umpires, and to ensure compliance with this standard the Division requires the following:

- 1. The appraiser and umpire must disclose to all parties, any other appraiser, and any other umpire, as well as any known facts that a reasonable person would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the appraiser including:
  - (a) A financial or personal interest in the outcome of the appraisal; and
  - (b) A current or previous relationship with any of the parties to the agreement to appraise or the appraisal proceeding, their counsel or representatives, a witness, or another appraiser or the umpire.



2. The appraiser shall have a continuing obligation to disclose to all parties to the agreement to appraise, the appraisal proceeding and to any other appraisers and the umpire, any facts that the appraiser learns after accepting appointment that a reasonable person would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the appraiser.

In accordance with §13-22-212 (3), C.R.S. if a party timely objects to the appointment or continued services of a selected appraiser the objection may be a ground under §13-22-223(1)(b), C.R.S. for vacating an award.

- 3. The insurer must not have *ex parte* communications with the appraiser or umpire during the appraisal process. Any communications between the appraiser, the umpire and the insurer shall include the insured or the insured's representative.
- 4. Upon reaching an agreed upon value (either through the selected appraiser or an umpire) the insurer shall comply with the clean claim standards found in Colorado Regulation 5-1-14.

#### IV. Additional Division Resources

Colorado Division of Insurance Property/Casualty Section 1560 Broadway, Ste 850 Denver, CO 80202 Tel. 303-894-7499 Internet: http://www.dora.state.co.us/insurance